



Space for Shore consortium



esa Coastal Erosion Project

European Space Agency

Arctic Regions and local early adopters

Manon Tranchand-Besset, i-Sea

Jörg Haarpaintner, NORCE



i-Sea
LITTORAL

NORCE

Key objectives

- Develop digital tools to extract coastal morphometric indicators via satellite imagery (in particular data from Copernicus Programme).
- Assess coastal erosion hazards and the seasonal-to-decadal sustainability facing climate change and human activities.
- Provide practical and operational solutions to the needs of coastal management stakeholders.

Main challenges

Automate

Generalise

Upscale

Reach inaccessible areas

Support managers in the intelligent use of the products

Space for Shore Consortium 2019-2023

6 COUNTRIES



Optical remote sensing experts



Service development

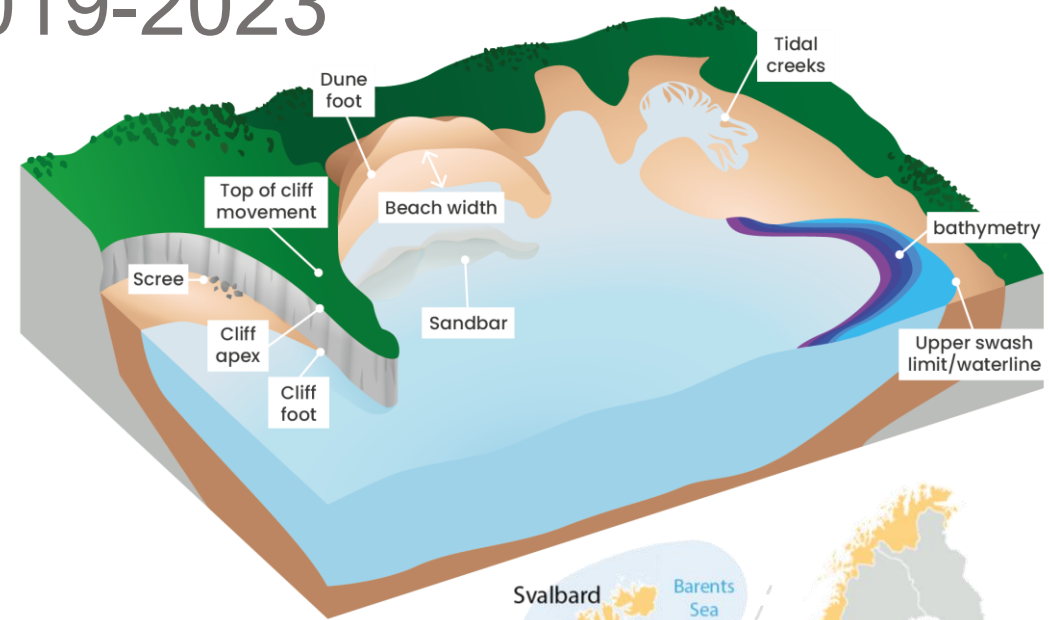


SAR remote sensing experts



spaceforshore.eu

- ~4000 km of coastline
- 25 years of retrospective
- Thousands of satellite images
- ~10 algorithms developed
- > 50 end-users and experts involved



Space for Shore Consortium 2024

FOCUS IN NORWAY



Optical remote sensing experts



SAR remote sensing experts

Coastal experts



NEW OBJECTIVES:

~1200 km of coastline

25 years of retrospective

Svalbard Archipelago + Norwegian Mainland

- WHERE ?
- WHY ?
- WHEN ?



Stakeholders' expectations

Space for Shore Consortium 2024

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- WHERE ?
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Stakeholders' expectations

NORWEGIAN MAINLAND

Interviewed



Finnmark fylkeskommune

Finnmárkku fylkkagielda
Finmarkun fylkinkomuuni

Contacted/ informed



Troms fylkeskommune

Romssa fylkkasuohkan
Tromssan fylkinkomuuni



SVALBARD REGION

Interviewed



Contacted/ informed



Store Norske Spitsbergen Grubekompani
AKTIESELSKAP

NORWEGIAN MAINLAND AND SVALBARD REGION

Interviewed



Kartverket



NVE



GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF NORWAY

- NGU -



Norsk Romsenter
Norwegian Space Agency



Norwegian Environment Agency

Intertidal area

Bathymetry

Coastline
(Vegetation)



Assess effects of climate change (eg. vegetalisation)

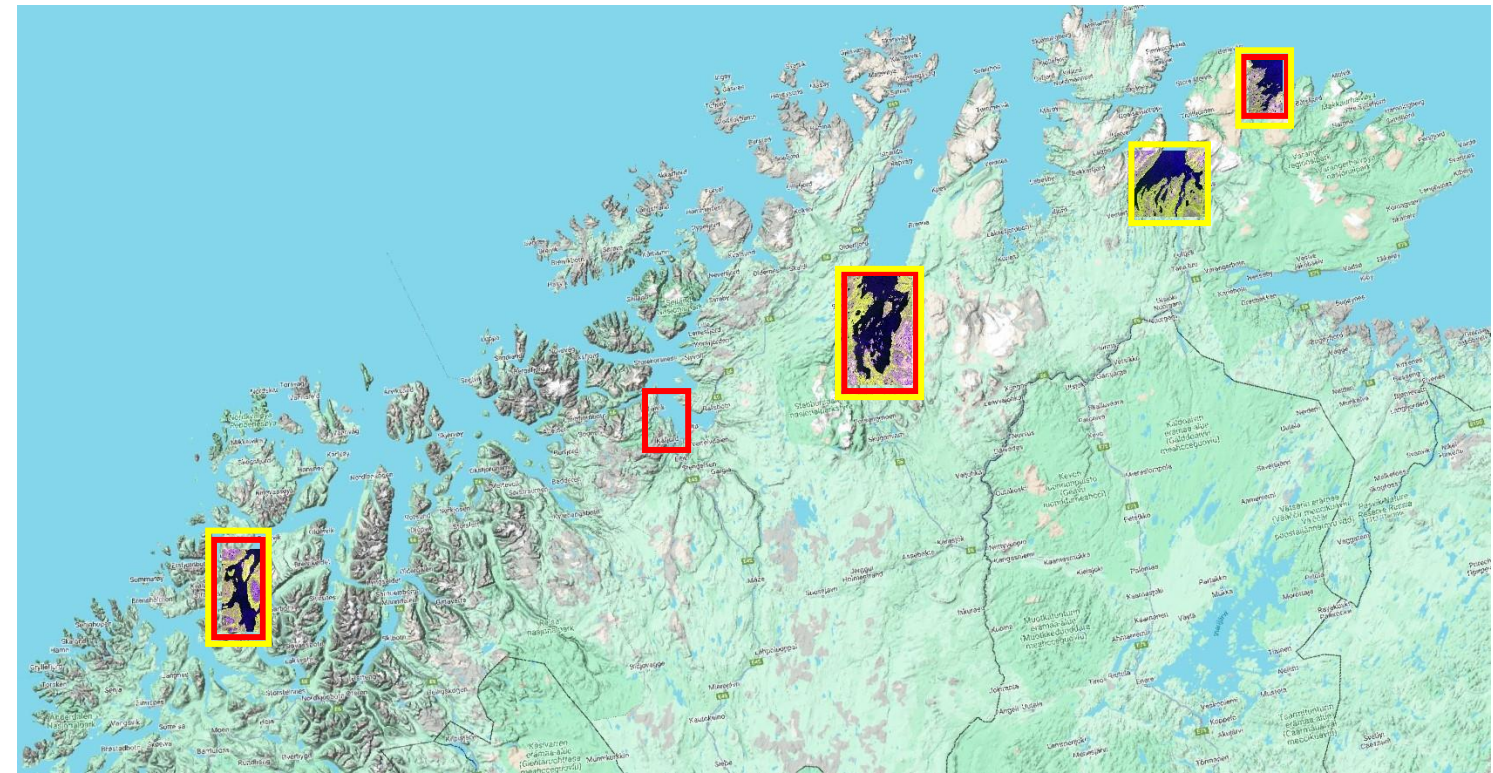
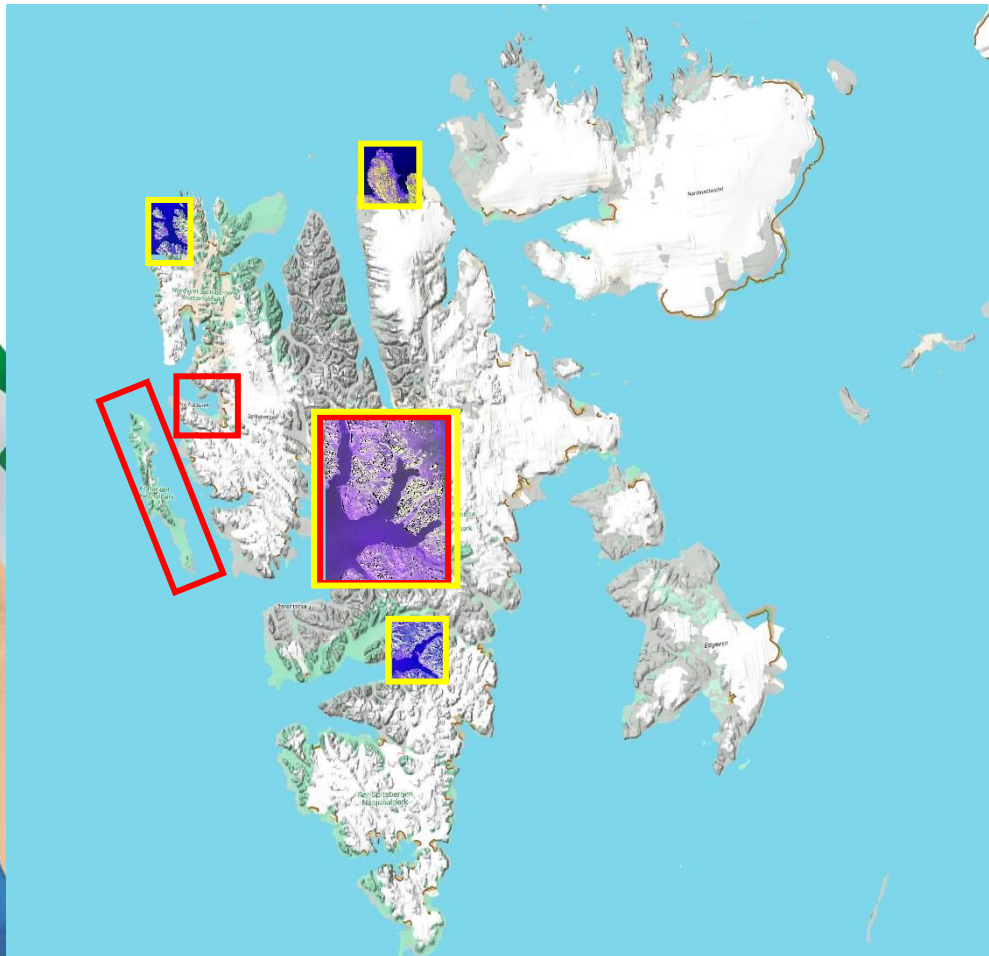
Data in nearshore shallow waters

Land-use changes (eg. Svea Coal Mining)

Cultural heritage (eg. sunken ships)

Effects of aquaculture on coastlines

Data from extreme events such as landslides



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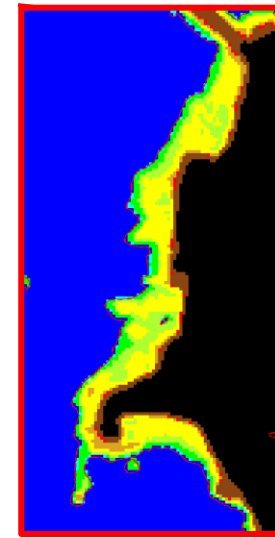
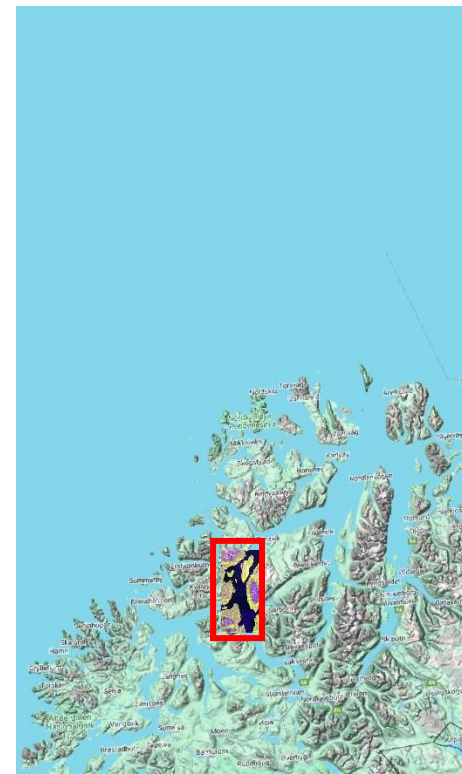
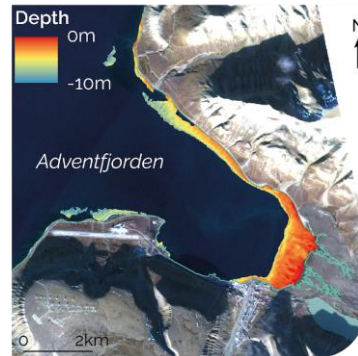
Coastline change
1995 - 2022



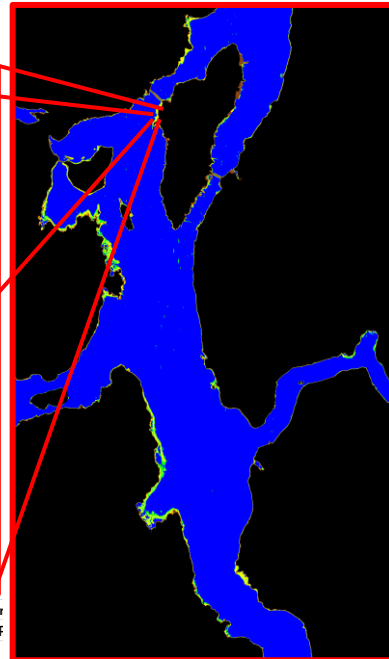
Waterline change

- $x \leq -200\text{m}$
- $-200\text{m} < x \leq -100\text{m}$
- $-100\text{m} < x \leq -50\text{m}$
- $-50\text{m} < x \leq -20\text{m}$
- $-20\text{m} < x \leq +20\text{m}$
- $+20\text{m} < x \leq +50\text{m}$
- $+50\text{m} < x \leq +100\text{m}$
- $+100\text{m} < x \leq +150\text{m}$
- $x > +150\text{m}$

Bathymetry
2021



Class	Color Code
No data	(255,255,255)
Land (DEM >50cm)	(0,0,0)
Land (mask from S1)	(139,69,19)
> 95%	(255,0,0)
75-95%	(218,165,32)
50-75%	(255,255,0)
25-50%	(173,255,47)
5-25%	(0,255,0)
<5%	(0,255,255)
Water	(0,0,255)



Intertidal area
07/26/2024